Mineral Resources: A CRIRSCO/CP Perspective

Presented: Martin Pittuck, Corporate Consultant (Mining Geology), SRK UK

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CRIRSCO: Key Aspects and Definitions

- Its an Advisory Template (Not a Code) summarising international best practice
- Governing Principles; Transparency, Materiality, Competence
 - Transparency: Sufficient, clear and unambiguous information reported
 - Materiality: Relevant information required to make a reasoned and balanced judgement upon is reported
 - Competence: Responsibility of a suitable qualified and experienced person, who are subject to an enforceable professional codes and rules
- Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves
- Covers all Solid Minerals
- Competent Person (CP): Professional body Membership, minimum 5
 years relevant experience in relation to the mineralisation and activity
- Estimation of Mineral Resources may be a team effort, and therefore multiple Competent Persons clearly divided
- "Mineral Resource estimates are not precise calculations"
- "The words 'ore' and 'reserves' must not be used in stating Mineral Resource estimates"

Non-Prescriptive in general, consideration of many aspects the judgment and responsibility of the Competent Person (CP), Exact definitions/requirements/parameters not provided

Geological Understanding **Statistics and Geostatistics**

Mineral Resource Classification

Geological & Grade Continuity

Tonnage and Grade Estimation

Reporting Economic Extraction

Data Quality & QAQC

Validation of Estimates

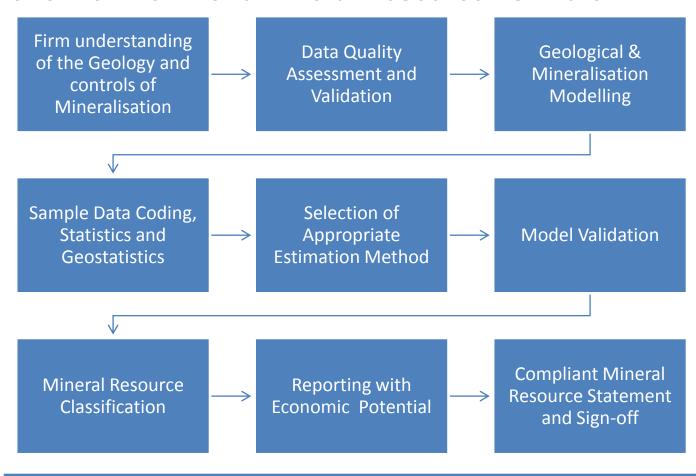
Competent Person Sign-off

Auditing and Reviewing of Mineral Resource estimates, a Competent Persons (CP) Perspective

The Important Workflow/Checklist for the Competent Person

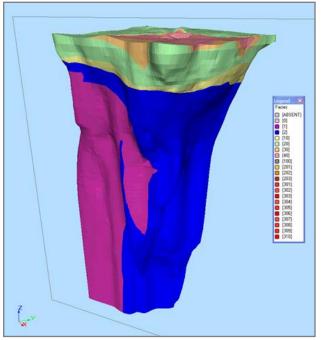


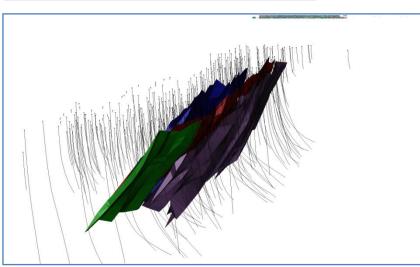
Generic Workflow For a Mineral Resource Estimate:

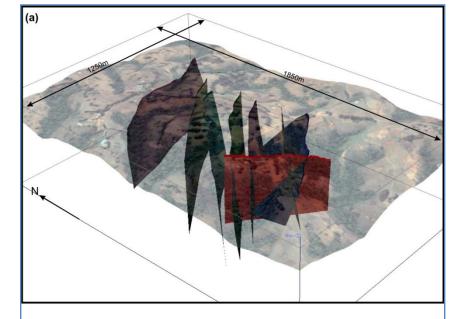


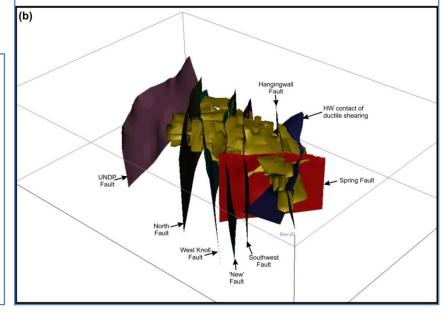
Workflow Can be applied to CP Sign-off process Exact Steps will be defined by Geology, Deposit type, commodity, etc..

SRK: Mineral Resource, A CRIRSCO/CP Perspective

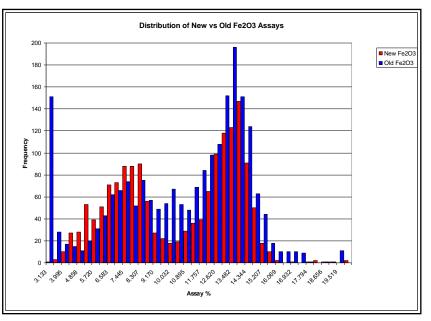


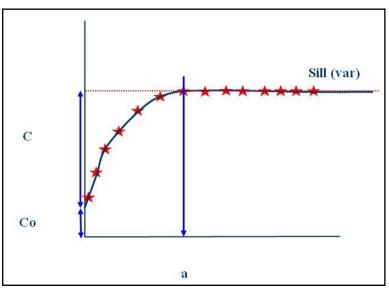


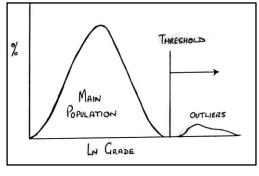


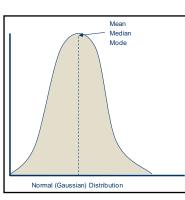


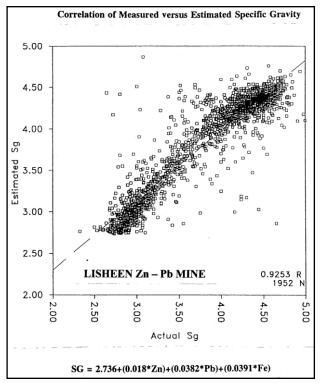
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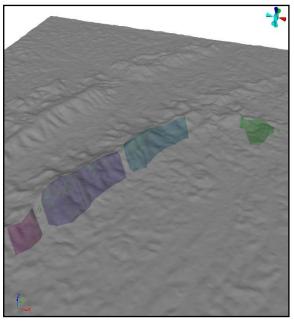


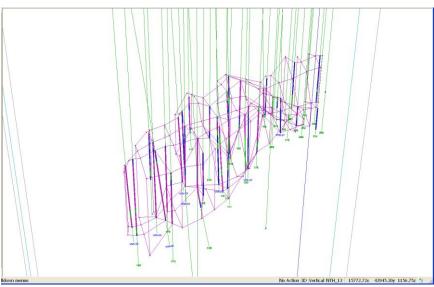


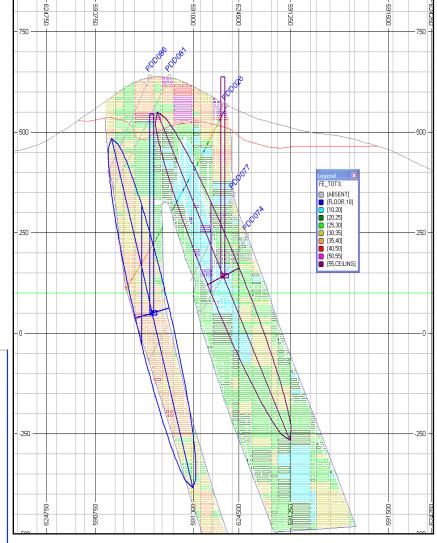




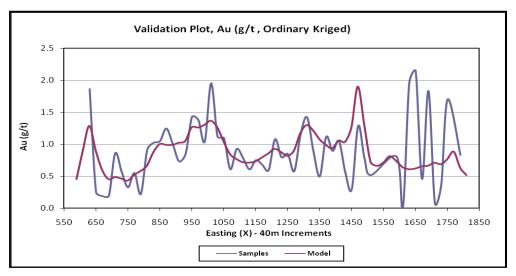
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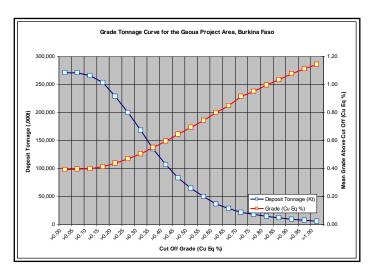


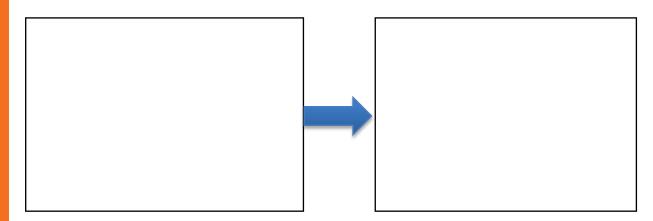




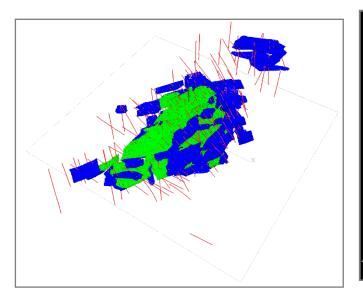
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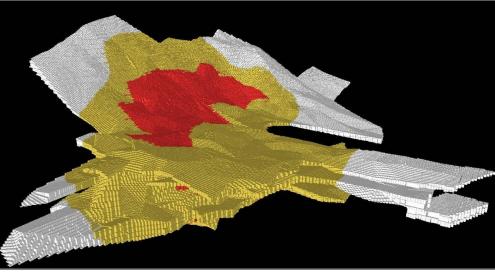


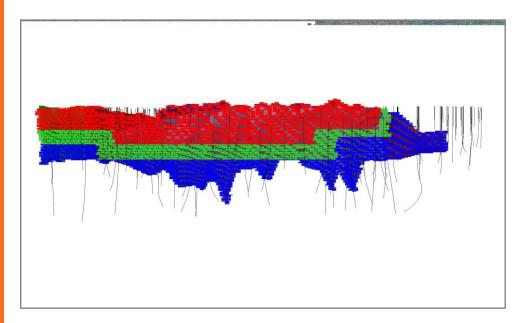


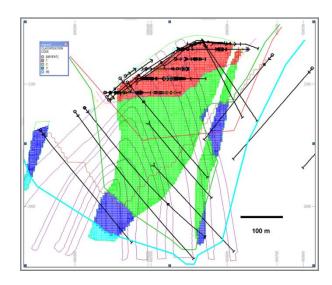


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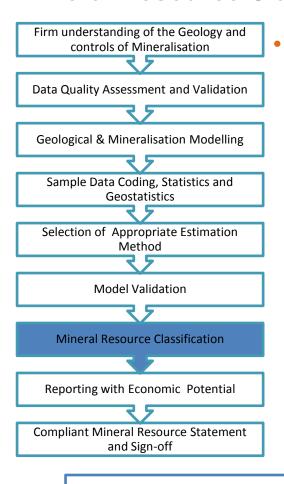








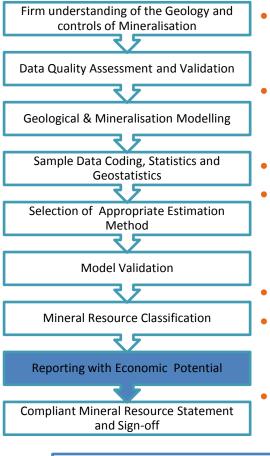
Mineral Resource Classification: Considerations of the CP



- The CP must take a balanced judgement and assess the materiality of a number of different factors:
 - Quality of data
 - Quantity/spacing of Data
 - Geological Continuity
 - Grade continuity
 - Quality of grade/panel/block estimates
 - Confidence with which a mining plan could be generated from the resource model

Classification is influenced by a number of factors which the CP must take into balanced consideration of confidence, using experience to determine the relative materiality of each

Reporting with Economic Potential



- A deposit must have "...reasonable prospect for eventual economic extraction" according to CRIRSCO.
- It is not acceptable to report just in-situ tonnage and grade without economic/mining consideration
- Must separate open-pit from underground
 - Calculation of an appropriate cut-off grade which represents realistic technical parameters based on mining and processing methods with optimistic revenue parameters
- Defined resource within practical mining widths
- Material above cut-off grade must form spatially contiguous volumes that would/could form mining targets
- Tools: Pit optimisation software, Floating Stope optimisations

A deposit is only a Mineral Resource if it has "..reasonable prospect for eventual economic extraction.." and therefore mining and economic considerations must be made